

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

2 -----x

3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

4 v. 22 Cr. 673 (RA)

5 ZIXIAO WANG,

6

7 Defendant.

8 Plea

9 -----x

10 New York, N.Y.
December 19, 2022
11 11:00 a.m.

12 Before:

13 HON. RONNIE ABRAMS,
14 District Judge

15 APPEARANCES

16 DAMIAN WILLIAMS
17 United States Attorney for the
Southern District of New York
18 BY: NICOLAS ROOS
DANIELLE SASSOON
19 Assistant United States Attorneys

20 ILAN GRAFF
ALEX MILLER
21 Attorneys for Defendant

22 ALSO PRESENT:
Evelyn Alvayero, U.S. Pretrial Services

23

24

25

1 (Case called)

2 MR. ROOS: Good morning, your Honor.

3 Nick Roos, Danielle Sassoon, and Evelyn Alvayero, from
4 pretrial services.

5 THE COURT: Good morning to all of you.

6 MR. GRAFF: Good morning, your Honor. Ilan Graff for
7 Mr. Wang, who is standing to my right.

8 I am joined by my colleague Alex Miller.

9 THE COURT: Good morning to all of you. You can be
10 seated. So are we all ready to get started?

11 MR. ROOS: Yes, your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Mr. Wang, I understand that you wish to
13 plead guilty to Counts One through Four of the information.

14 Is that correct?

15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Okay. Before deciding whether to accept
17 your plea, I am going to ask you certain questions so that I
18 can be sure that you understand your rights and that you are
19 pleading guilty voluntarily and because you are guilty and not
20 for some other reason. So it is important that you answer my
21 questions honestly and completely.

22 If at any time you are having trouble understanding
23 anything or you want to talk to your lawyer, just let me know.

24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Mr. Fields, could you please place

1 Mr. Wang under oath.

2 (Defendant sworn)

3 THE COURT: All right.

4 You are now under oath. So you should know that if
5 answer any of my questions falsely, you could be charged with a
6 separate crime, perjury.

7 Do you understand that?

8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: I am going to start by asking you some
10 questions to ensure that you are competent to plead guilty.

11 These are questions that I ask of everyone in your position.

12 So, first, how old are you?

13 THE DEFENDANT: Twenty-nine.

14 THE COURT: How far did you go in school?

15 THE DEFENDANT: I graduated college.

16 THE COURT: Are you currently or have you recently
17 been under the care of a medical professional, psychiatrist, or
18 other mental health care provider?

19 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized for mental
21 illness, alcoholism, or drug addiction?

22 THE DEFENDANT: No.

23 THE COURT: In the past 24 hours have you taken any
24 drugs, medicine, or pills or drunk any alcoholic beverages?

25 THE DEFENDANT: No.

1 THE COURT: Is your mind clear today?

2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

3 THE COURT: Do you understand what's happening in
4 these proceedings?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: Does either counsel have any doubts as to
7 the defendant's competence to plead guilty at this time?

8 MR. ROOS: No, your Honor.

9 MR. GRAFF: No, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: On the basis of Mr. Wang's responses to my
11 questions and my observations of his demeanor here in court and
12 representations of counsel, I find that he is fully competent
13 to enter an informed plea of guilty at this time.

14 Have you had enough time and opportunity to discuss
15 your case with your attorney, including the nature of the
16 charges to which you intend to plead guilty, any possible
17 defenses you may have, and the rights that you will be giving
18 up by pleading guilty?

19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: All right. Has your attorney discussed
21 with you the consequences of pleading guilty?

22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

23 THE COURT: All right. Are you satisfied with your
24 attorney's representation of you?

25 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Okay. So now what I want to talk about is
2 the charging instrument. It a superseding information. That's
3 the document, the charge that the government is seeking to file
4 in this case.

5 Have you received a copy of the superseding
6 information?

7 It's titled S1 22 Cr. 673.

8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Have you reviewed it?

10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

11 THE COURT: Have you discussed it with your attorney?

12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

13 THE COURT: So under our legal system, before you or
14 anyone else can be charged with a felony offense, the
15 government is obligated to go to a grand jury, which must
16 decide whether there's probable cause to believe that an
17 offense was committed and that you committed it. And that
18 decision may result in what's called an indictment.

19 I want to make sure that you understand that by
20 allowing the government to charge you by way of this
21 information, you are waiving, or giving up, your right to be
22 charged by a grand jury in an indictment?

23 Do you understand that?

24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Do I have the signed waiver of indictment

1 forms?

2 Do you have a signed version?

3 MR. ROOS: We have a signed one. I think we probably

4 actually should sign it again because it is already witnessed.

5 So I have a second copy. I will just pass it back to counsel

6 right now.

7 THE COURT: Why don't you do that. All right.

8 So, Mr. Wang, I understand and witnessed that you just

9 signed this waiver of indictment form.

10 Did you discuss this form before signing it with your

11 attorney?

12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

13 THE COURT: Okay. Again, you understand that you are

14 agreeing to give up your right to be charged by a grand jury?

15 Do you understand that?

16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

17 THE COURT: Were any threats or promises made other

18 than by the prosecution in the written plea agreement to get

19 you to waive indictment?

20 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

21 THE COURT: Okay. Does either counsel have any reason

22 to believe that Mr. Wang has not knowingly and voluntarily

23 waived his right to be charged by a grand jury?

24 MR. ROOS: No, your Honor.

25 MR. GRAFF: No, your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Okay.

2 I find that he has knowingly and voluntarily waived
3 his right to be charged by a grand jury, and I authorize the
4 filing of the superseding information.

5 Now what I am going to do is I am going to explain
6 certain constitutional rights that you have. These are rights
7 that you will be giving up if you enter a guilty plea.

8 So, first, under the Constitution and laws of the
9 United States, you have a right to plead not guilty to the
10 charges in that superseding information.

11 Do you understand that?

12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

13 THE COURT: If you did plead not guilty, you would be
14 entitled under the Constitution to a speedy and public trial by
15 jury of those charges.

16 Do you understand that?

17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

18 THE COURT: In advance of trial, if you chose to go to
19 trial, you would have the opportunity to seek suppression of
20 any or all of the evidence against you on the basis that it was
21 obtained in violation of the Constitution.

22 Do you understand that?

23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: At trial, again, if you chose to go to
25 trial, you would be presumed innocent. That means that you

1 would not have to prove that you were innocent. Instead, the
2 government would need to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable
3 doubt before you could be found guilty.

4 So even if you did nothing or said nothing at trial,
5 again, if you chose to go to trial, you could not be convicted
6 unless a jury of 12 people agreed unanimously that you are
7 guilty.

8 Do you understand that?

9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: During trial, if you chose to go to trial,
11 the witnesses for the prosecution would have to come to court
12 and testify in your presence, where you could see them and hear
13 them and your lawyer could cross-examine them.

14 If you wanted to, your lawyer could offer evidence on
15 your behalf. You would be able to use the Court's power to
16 compel or force witnesses to come to court to testify
17 truthfully in your defense, even if they didn't want to come.

18 Do you understand that?

19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: At trial, again, if you went to trial, you
21 would have the right to testify if you wanted to, but you would
22 also have the right not to testify, and if you chose not to
23 testify, that could not be used against you in any way. So no
24 inference or suggestion of guilt would be made from the fact
25 that you chose not to testify.

1 Do you understand that?

2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

3 THE COURT: All right. At trial and at every stage
4 your case, you would be entitled to be represented by an
5 attorney. And if you could not afford an attorney one would be
6 appointed at public expense, meaning free of cost, to represent
7 you?

8 Do you understand that?

9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: If you are convicted at trial, you would
11 have the right to appeal that verdict to a higher court.

12 Do you understand that?

13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: As I said before, you have the right to
15 plead not guilty. So even as you sit here right now for
16 purposes of entering a guilty plea, you have the right to
17 change your mind and to go to trial. But if you do plead
18 guilty and I accept your plea, there will be no trial, and you
19 will be giving up the rights that I just described.

20 If you plead guilty, all that will remain to be done
21 is for me to impose sentence at the appropriate time. I will
22 enter a judgment of guilty and sentence you on that basis after
23 considering whatever submissions I get from you, from your
24 lawyer, the government, as well as a presentence report
25 prepared by the probation department. But there will be no

1 appeal with respect to whether the government could use the
2 evidence it has against you or with respect to whether you did
3 or did not commit the crime.

4 Do you understand that?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: If you plead guilty, you will also have to
7 give up your right not to incriminate yourself, because I am
8 going to ask you certain questions here in court today in order
9 to satisfy myself that you are in fact guilty as charged.

10 Do you understand that?

11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Okay. So I understand that you seek to
13 plead guilty to Counts One through Four of the superseding
14 information and admit to the forfeiture allegation.

15 I am going ask the government to please state the
16 elements of the offenses in question.

17 MR. ROOS: Yes, your Honor.

18 Counts One and Two of the information charge the
19 defendant respectively with conspiracy to commit wire fraud and
20 wire fraud.

21 The elements of the first count, conspiracy to commit
22 wire fraud are:

23 First, the existence of a conspiracy to commit wire
24 fraud; and

25 Second, that the defendant knowingly and willfully

1 became a member of and joined in the conspiracy.

2 The elements of wire fraud itself, which is the object
3 of Count One and the substantive crime of Count Two, are:

4 First, that there was a scheme or artifice to defraud
5 or to obtain money or property by materially false or
6 fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises;

7 Second, that the defendant knowingly participated in
8 the scheme or artifice to defraud with knowledge of its
9 fraudulent nature and with the specific intent to defraud or
10 that he knowingly and intentionally aided and abetted others in
11 the scheme; and

12 Third, that in the execution of that scheme, the
13 defendant used or caused the use of interstate or foreign
14 wires.

15 Counts Three and Four of the indictment both charge
16 the defendant with a violation of Title 18, United States Code,
17 Section 371.

18 Count Three is a conspiracy to commit commodities
19 fraud.

20 Count Four is a conspiracy to commit securities fraud.

21 The conspiracy under Section 371 has three elements:

22 First, that two or more persons entered into an
23 unlawful agreement charged in the specific count;

24 Second, that the defendant knowingly and willfully
25 became a member of that alleged conspiracy; and

1 Third, that one of the members of the conspiracy
2 knowingly committed at least one overt act in furtherance of
3 the conspiracy.

4 So for Count Three the object of the conspiracy is a
5 conspiracy to commit commodities fraud, in violation of Title
6 7, United States Code, Section 9(1)(13)(a)(5) and Title 17 Code
7 of Federal Regulations 180.1.

8 There are three elements to this crime:

9 First, in connection with any swap or contract of sale
10 of any commodity in interstate commerce or contracts for future
11 delivery on or subject the rules of any registered entity;

12 Second, the defendant or any of his coconspirators did
13 any one or more of the following:

14 (a) employed, attempted, to use or employ a
15 manipulative device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;

16 (b) made or attempted to make an untrue or misleading
17 statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material
18 fact necessary in order to make statements not untrue or
19 misleading; or

20 (c) engaged or attempted to engage in an act,
21 practice, or course of business that operated or would operate
22 as a fraud or deceit upon a person; and

23 Third, that defendant acted knowingly, willfully, and
24 with the intent to defraud.

25 Finally, for Count Four, the object of the 371

1 conspiracy is a violation of Title 15, United States Code,
2 Section 78j(b) and 78ff and Title 17, Code of Federal
3 Regulations, Section 240.10b-5. That's securities fraud.

4 There are three elements of securities fraud:

5 First, that in connection with the purchase or sale of
6 a security the proposed defendant:

7 (1) Employed a defendant scheme or artifice to
8 defraud;

9 (2) Made an untrue statement of material fact or
10 omitted to state a material fact, which made what was said
11 under the circumstances misleading; or

12 (3) Engaged in an act, practice, or course of business
13 that operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon a
14 purchaser or seller.

15 Second, the defendant acted knowingly, willfully, and
16 with intent to defraud; and

17 Third, that the defendant knowingly used or caused to
18 be used any means or instrument of transportation or
19 communication in the interstate commerce or the use of the
20 mails in furtherance of the fraudulent conduct.

21 And, finally, the government would have to prove by a
22 preponderance of the evidence venue.

23 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

24 So, Mr. Wang, I want to make sure you understand that
25 if you were to go to trial on these charges the government

1 would need to prove each of the elements that were mentioned
2 beyond a reasonable doubt in addition to proving venue, but
3 that is a lower legal standard.

4 Do you understand that?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: So now I am going to discuss the maximum
7 penalties for this crime or these crimes. The maximum penalty
8 means the most that could possibly be imposed. It doesn't
9 necessarily mean it's the sentence you will receive. But you
10 have to understand that by pleading guilty you are exposing
11 yourself to the possibility of receiving any combination of
12 punishments up to the maximums that I am just about to
13 describe.

14 So with respect to Counts One and Two, the maximum
15 terms of imprisonment for each of those crimes is 20 years in
16 prison.

17 Do you understand that?

18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Any term of imprisonment you do receive
20 may be followed by a term of supervised release of three years
21 on each count. Supervised release means that if you are
22 sentenced to prison, after you are released from prison, you
23 will be subject to the supervision of the probation department.
24 You will be required to obey certain rules, and if you violate
25 those rules, you can be returned to prison without a jury trial

1 to serve additional time even beyond your original sentence.

2 Do you understand that?

3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

4 THE COURT: You should also understand that there's no
5 parole in the federal system. If you're sentenced to prison,
6 you will not be released early on parole, although there is a
7 limited opportunity to earn credit for good behavior.

8 Do you understand that?

9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: In addition to these restrictions on your
11 liberty, the punishment for these crimes includes certain
12 financial penalties.

13 The maximum allowable fine for each count -- again,
14 we are talking about Counts One and Two -- is \$250,000, twice
15 the gross pecuniary gain derived from the offense or twice the
16 gross pecuniary loss to persons other than yourself resulting
17 from the offense.

18 Do you understand that?

19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: There's also a mandatory special
21 assessment, or fee, of \$100 for each of these crimes.

22 Do you understand that?

23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: In addition, I must order restitution to
25 any persons or entities injured as a result of your criminal

1 conduct, and I can order you to forfeit all property derived
2 from the offense or used to facilitate the offense.

3 Do you understand that as well?

4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

5 THE COURT: So now I am going to turn to Counts Three
6 and Four.

7 With respect to your liberty on each of those counts,
8 the maximum term of imprisonment for each count is five years.
9 Any term of imprisonment may be followed by a term of three
10 years of supervised release. The maximum allowable fine is
11 again \$250,000 on each count, twice the gross pecuniary gain
12 derived from the offense, twice the gross pecuniary loss to
13 persons other than yourself resulting from the offense,
14 whichever is higher.

15 Do you understand that?

16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

17 THE COURT: I am also, again, required to impose a
18 mandatory special assessment, or fee, of \$100 on each of those
19 counts.

20 And, again, I must order restitution to any persons or
21 entities injured as a result of your criminal conduct and can
22 order you to forfeit all property derived from these offenses
23 or used to facilitate these offenses.

24 Do you understand that these are the maximum penalties
25 for Counts Three and Four?

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

2 THE COURT: All right. Do you understand in addition
3 that the total maximum sentence of incarceration on Counts One,
4 Two, Three, and Four of this information is 50 years in prison?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: Is Mr. Wang now being prosecuted elsewhere
7 that we know of?

8 MR. ROOS: No, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: All right. So, Mr. Wang, you should be
10 aware that the punishments that I have just described are those
11 that may be part of a sentence, but being convicted of a felony
12 may have other consequences.

13 Are you a United States citizen?

14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

15 THE COURT: All right. Then you should understand
16 that, as a result of your guilty plea, you may lose certain
17 valuable civil rights to the extent that you have them now,
18 such as the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the
19 right to serve on a jury and the right to possess any kind of
20 firearm.

21 Do you understand that?

22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

23 THE COURT: Now, I am going to talk about the
24 sentencing guidelines. In imposing sentence, federal judges
25 are required to consider the recommendations of the federal

1 sentencing guidelines.

2 The guidelines are a complicated set of rules for
3 determining an appropriate sentence. At one time they were
4 mandatory; judges were bound to follow them. They are no
5 longer mandatory, but judges must nonetheless consider the
6 guidelines in determining an appropriate sentence, although
7 ultimately I am going to look to the factors set forth in a
8 provision of the law, 18 United States Code, Section 3553(a),
9 and impose a sentence that I believe best satisfies the
10 purposes of the criminal law as set forth in that statute, even
11 if it's higher or lower than the guidelines recommendation.

12 Do you understand all of that?

13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: Did you discuss the sentencing guidelines
15 with your attorneys?

16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Do you understand that the guidelines are
18 only recommendations to the court?

19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Okay. Now, I understand that you have
21 entered into a written plea agreement with the government. I
22 have what appears to be an original copy of that agreement.
23 It's dated December 18, and addressed to your attorneys,
24 Mr. Graff and Mr. Miller, and signed by various representatives
25 on behalf of the government.

1 I am marking it as Court Exhibit No. 1.

2 I am going to ask my law clerk, Mr. Fields, to show it
3 to you.

4 Is that your signature on the last page?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: Before signing this agreement, did you
7 read it? Did you read the entire agreement?

8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Did you discuss it with your attorneys?

10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

11 THE COURT: I recognize that it's a somewhat lengthy
12 document and it contains some technical and legal language, but
13 after discussing it with your attorneys, do you understand all
14 the terms of the agreement?

15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Okay. I am going to ask the government to
17 summarize the primary terms of the agreement, please.

18 MR. ROOS: Yes, your Honor.

19 So the first page through the second page of the
20 document describe the charges in the information, the
21 penalties, and the understanding that the defendant will be
22 pleading guilty to those. Also on the second page are the
23 provisions relating to admitting the forfeiture allegations and
24 agreeing to pay restitution. There is a requirement on page 2
25 relating to the defendant's agreement to cooperate with the

1 government.

2 There is on page 3 a discussion of what the defendant
3 will not be further prosecuted for, which includes a
4 description of the counts in the information as well as some
5 additional relevant conduct.

6 And then there are a series of additional provisions
7 through the remainder of the agreement that describe the
8 defendant's rights and certain rights that he is giving up by
9 pleading guilty. As one of those I would just highlight, there
10 is a waiver of venue which appears actually on the second page
11 of the agreement.

12 THE COURT: Okay.

13 Is all of that consistent, Mr. Wang, with your
14 understanding of this agreement?

15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Do you have any questions about the
17 agreement?

18 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Okay. All right.

20 I am just going to follow up on one or two terms.

21 I want to make sure that you understand it is up to
22 the government and not to me, not to the Court, to decide
23 whether any cooperation you provide has been productive enough
24 for the government to file what we call the 5K1 motion and
25 recommend a sentence below the sentence recommended by the

1 sentencing guidelines.

2 Do you understand that?

3 That is up to the government.

4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

5 THE COURT: But even if the government decides to make
6 such a motion, it's going to be up to me to decide whether to
7 give you credit for that cooperation and, if so, how much and
8 how it should affect the sentence.

9 Do you understand that?

10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

11 THE COURT: Okay. Did you willingly sign this plea
12 agreement?

13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: And are you willingly pleading guilty?

15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Has anyone threatened, bribed, or forced
17 you to sign the plea agreement or to plead guilty?

18 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Other than what's in this agreement, has
20 anyone offered you any inducement to plead guilty?

21 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

22 THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise as to what
23 your sentence will be?

24 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

25 THE COURT: I ask that because I want to make sure you

1 understand that if anyone attempts to predict or has attempted
2 to predict what your sentence will be, that that prediction
3 could be wrong.

4 I say that because no one in this courtroom, not the
5 government, not your attorney, not even I know what your
6 sentence will be. That won't be determined until a later date
7 after the probation department has drafted a presentence report
8 and I've done my own independent calculation of the guidelines
9 and I have reviewed whatever submissions I get from you and
10 your lawyer and the government as well as the presentence
11 report.

12 So I just want to make sure you understand that even
13 if your sentence is different from what you had hoped for or
14 expected you won't be allowed to withdraw your plea on that
15 basis.

16 Do you understand that?

17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Okay. You have not submitted a consent
19 order of forfeiture to date.

20 Is that correct?

21 MR. ROOS: That's correct, your Honor.

22 THE COURT: Okay. I just wanted to make sure. I
23 don't have that before me.

24 Okay. So now that you have been advised, Mr. Wang, of
25 the charges against you and the possible pents you face and the

1 rights that you are giving up, is it still your intention to
2 plead guilty to these four charges?

3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

4 THE COURT: So now I am going ask you the official
5 question with respect to each count which is how do you plead,
6 guilty or not guilty?

7 So first with respect to Count One of the superseding
8 indictment, which is a conspiracy to commit wire fraud on
9 customers, how do you plead?

10 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

11 THE COURT: Now, with respect to Count Two, wire fraud
12 on customers, how do you plead?

13 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: With respect to Count Three, conspiracy to
15 commit commodities fraud, how do you plead?

16 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

17 THE COURT: And with respect to Count Four, conspiracy
18 to commit securities fraud, how do you plead?

19 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: And do you admit to the forfeiture
21 allegation that's in this information?

22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

23 THE COURT: Okay.

24 So now tell me in your own words what you did that
25 makes you believe that you are guilty of these crimes.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Between 2019 and 2022 --

2 THE COURT: I am going to ask you to just speak very
3 slowly and very loudly. It can be difficult to hear in this
4 courtroom because of the high ceilings.

5 Thank you.

6 THE DEFENDANT: Between 2019 and 2022, as part of my
7 employment at FTX, I was directed to and agreed to make certain
8 changes to the platform's code. I executed those changes,
9 which I knew would Alameda Research special privileges on the
10 FTX platform.

11 I did so knowing that others were representing to
12 investors and customers that Alameda had no such special
13 privileges and people were likely investing in and using FTX
14 based in part on those misrepresentations.

15 I knew what I was doing was wrong. I also knew that
16 the misrepresentations were being made by telephone and
17 internet, among other means, and that assets traded on FTX
18 included some assets that the U.S. regulators regard as
19 securities and commodities.

20 THE COURT: When you did this, did you know that what
21 you were doing was wrong and was illegal?

22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

23 THE COURT: Would the government like to ask any
24 additional questions?

25 MR. ROOS: No additional questions, your Honor.

1 The government would just proffer that there is a
2 basis for venue. In addition to the waiver, there's wires that
3 go through the Southern District of New York, investors located
4 in the Southern District of New York.

5 THE COURT: All right.

6 And, Mr. Graff, any objection to that?

7 I understand that you are waiving venue.

8 Is that correct?

9 MR. GRAFF: That's correct, your Honor.

10 No objection.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 Could the government please summarize what its
13 evidence would be if you were to go to trial against Mr. Wang.

14 MR. ROOS: Certainly, your Honor.

15 It would consist of witness statements, Signal
16 communications and Slack communications, financial records, and
17 records from FTX in the form of code and database, among other
18 things.

19 THE COURT: All right.

20 Do the government and defense counsel agree that there
21 is a sufficient factual predicate for the guilty plea?

22 MR. ROOS: Yes, your Honor.

23 MR. GRAFF: Yes, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: Mr. Wang, because you acknowledge that you
25 are in fact guilty as charged in the information, and because

1 I'm satisfied is that you are aware of your rights, including
2 your right to go to trial, and that you are aware of the
3 consequences of your plea, including the sentence which may be
4 imposed, I find that you are knowingly and voluntarily pleading
5 guilty. I accept your guilty plea to Counts One, Two, Three,
6 and Four of the information.

7 I know we need to talk about bail and a few other
8 things, but should we set a control date for sentencing at this
9 time?

10 MR. ROOS: Yes, your Honor. We would suggest a date
11 fairly significantly far out, but I think a control date is
12 fine.

13 THE COURT: What would you propose? Nine months? A
14 year?

15 MR. ROOS: A year probably.

16 THE COURT: All right.

17 Mr. Fields, can you just look on the calendar. And
18 just look at December 19 of next year and see if it is a
19 weekday, please. Why don't we set a control date for December
20 19, 2023.

21 Now we have to talk about bail. I understand that the
22 pretrial services does not have a written pretrial services
23 report, but would like to report that orally. That is
24 something as a matter of course that is kept confidential. So
25 my question is how would you like to present that to the Court

1 in light of the fact that that is normally a document that is
2 not publicly disclosed?

3 MS. ALVAYERO: Your Honor, pretrial requests that the
4 report be done orally in chambers.

5 THE COURT: Okay. Is there any objection to that?

6 MR. GRAFF: None from the defense, your Honor.

7 MR. ROOS: That is fine, your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Again, because this is a document that is
9 as a matter of course kept confidential and not publicly
10 disclosed, I think that is appropriate, but we are not going to
11 discuss anything else. So why don't we go into my robing room
12 and the parties, Mr. Wang, his attorneys, and the government,
13 can all come as well. That will be done orally on the record
14 with the court reporter.

15 Okay. That will be sealed from the transcript. I
16 understand we have another sealing issue down the line, but why
17 don't we deal with this one first.

18 MR. ROOS: Your Honor, just two other matters?

19 THE COURT: Sure.

20 MR. ROOS: One is I think, since he waived indictment
21 and the information was therefore entered today, he technically
22 needs to be arraigned. Your Honor already reviewed the
23 substance of the information, so we would just ask on the
24 record that the defendant waive the public reading, if he
25 chooses, of the information.

1 THE COURT: Okay. Sure.

2 So, Mr. Wang, I asked you at the beginning if you had
3 reviewed the information and discussed it with your attorney.

4 Do you waive its public reading?

5 Just so you know, you have a right to have me read it
6 oud loud in court. Do you waive, or give up, that right such
7 that I won't read it publicly in court?

8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 Do you want to have this oral report with respect to
11 the pretrial services report and then come back into court, or
12 do you want to talk about sealing and then I will make my bail
13 determination. I think I have to make my bail determination in
14 open court, so I intend to do that. I could also do it in
15 written fashion. It can be sealed, but it needs to be public,
16 and then I need to justify the sealing.

17 So do you have a suggestion for the order of events?

18 MR. ROOS: I think your Honor was inclined to go back
19 now. That's fine with us. My colleague just pointed out that
20 I think your Honor maybe has something right after this.

21 THE COURT: I have something at 12:20. I have a hard
22 stop, but I am available until 12:15 really. So I am available
23 for the next half hour.

24 MR. ROOS: I guess, like, in the interest of maybe
25 just doing everything in the courtroom now, and then we can

1 conclude with whatever in chambers, although if your Honor
2 would prefer another way, that's fine.

3 THE COURT: That is fine. But either way we either
4 have to come back in, or you have to submit a letter to me with
5 the bail conditions.

6 MR. ROOS: Right. We can come back out then.
7 I think that's fine.

8 THE COURT: All right. Why don't we go in my robing
9 room. Then we will come back, and if there are any, I
10 understand that there's consent on bail, but if anyone would
11 like to say anything on the record with respect to bail, they
12 will do so at that time.

13 All right.

14 (Pages 29 to 32 sealed)

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1 THE COURT: Everyone can be seated.

2 So the pretrial services report has been read to me
3 orally as well as to the parties. I understand from the
4 agreement that the parties have reached an agreement and would
5 like to make that proposal.

6 Do you want to just do so orally now?

7 MR. ROOS: May I just confer with defense counsel?

8 THE COURT: Sure.

9 MR. ROOS: So, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: On page 4 of the agreement.

11 MR. ROOS: Correct. On page 4 is the parties'
12 agreement, \$250,000 personal recognizance bond.

13 So, combined, one financially responsible person,
14 travel restricted to the continental United States, the
15 defendant to surrender all travel documents and refrain from
16 making any new applications supervision as directed by pretrial
17 services, and adherence to all other standard conditions of
18 release, which I think are largely the conditions of pretrial
19 services.

20 There's one that I just discussed with defense
21 counsel, which is a proposal of no contact with codefendants or
22 other witnesses. I think we are fine with the codefendant, no
23 contact with codefendant. I think for, just based on some of
24 the people in the defendant's life, I think it will be
25 impractical to impose the condition of no contact with other

1 witnesses, so we would ask just that that condition be no
2 contact with codefendants.

3 THE COURT: Okay. All right.

4 Again, Mr. Graff, you are all right with adding that
5 condition?

6 MR. GRAFF: Yes, your Honor.

7 THE COURT: With respect to codefendants?

8 MR. GRAFF: Yes, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: All right.

10 That application is granted.

11 I think, as noted, it's consistent with what was
12 recommended by pretrial services.

13 Among other things, Mr. Wang has strong ties in the
14 community and no criminal history, among other things. So I am
15 going to grant that request.

16 Now, Mr. Wang, you should understand that if you don't
17 appear for any court proceedings that you are ordered to appear
18 for or for sentencing you could be charged with a separate
19 crime of bail jumping and subject to an additional prison
20 sentence or fine in addition to whatever sentence you do
21 receive.

22 Do you understand that?

23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: Okay. You should also understand that if
25 you violate any condition of your release, a warrant for your

1 arrest may be issued. The will lead to revocation of your bail
2 with forfeiture of the bond, the \$250,000 bond that is being
3 executed on your behalf, as well as to your being detained and
4 that you could be prosecuted for contempt of Court.

5 Do you understand that?

6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

7 THE COURT: All right. You should also understand
8 that if you commit any crime while on release, that may lead to
9 a more severe punishment than you would get for committing the
10 same crime and additional time -- at a different time I should
11 say. In addition, you would be violating the agreement that
12 you signed with the government.

13 Do you understand that?

14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

15 THE COURT: All right.

16 Finally, I will just note that it is a crime to try
17 and influence any juror or witness or any person who may have
18 information about the case or to retaliate against anyone who
19 may have provided information or otherwise attempt to obstruct
20 justice.

21 Do you understand that as well?

22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

23 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

24 How long does Mr. Wang have to get the cosigner to
25 sign the bond?

1 MR. ROOS: Two weeks.

2 THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.

3 Thank you. All right.

4 So we have discussed bail. I understand that there is
5 an application to seal today's transcript as well as to delay
6 docketing of the various documents as well as the transcript.

7 MR. ROOS: That's correct, your Honor. We submitted a
8 two-page letter dated today to your Honor. We provided a copy
9 to defense counsel.

10 It asks for the sealing and delayed docketing for
11 today's proceeding until the later of either tomorrow at noon
12 or the presentment of codefendant Samuel Bankman-Fried,
13 whichever is later.

14 THE COURT: Okay. All right.

15 MR. ROOS: At that time it these would all become
16 unsealed.

17 THE COURT: That application is granted.

18 I will note that there are legitimate law enforcement
19 interests that support an order directing that these filings
20 and docket entries in this case be made under seal for that
21 period of time. Exposure of any possible cooperation could
22 hinder law enforcement's ability to conduct and continue the
23 ongoing investigation as well as to further law enforcement's
24 other interests in connection with this prosecution.

25 Although there is a qualified right of public access

1 to court documents, the Second Circuit has recognized that
2 documents may be filed under seal to protect, among other
3 things, ongoing law enforcement efforts. *See United States v.*
4 *Cojab and Haller.*

5 The Second Circuit has also recognized that even
6 docketing the applications to seal can be prejudicial, and in
7 such cases the applications themselves and related notes to the
8 docket could be sealed. *See United States v. Alcantara.*

9 I am going to ask you to reach out to my chambers as
10 soon as these documents can be unsealed by way of letter, and
11 we will do so promptly.

12 Are there any other applications at this time?

13 MR. ROOS: Not from the government, your Honor.

14 MR. GRAFF: Nor from the defense. Thank you, Judge.

15 THE COURT: Thank you. We are adjourned.

16 (Adjourned)

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